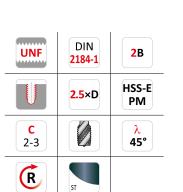
EX31

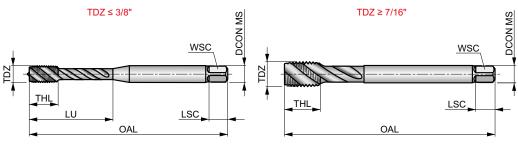
DORMER



HSS-E-PM Spiral Flute Machine Tap, UNF, DIN Standard

Machine tap with spiral flute suited for blind holes. Steam tempered surface acts to retain cutting fluid and prevent chip to tool welding.





Workpiece material group suitability and starting values for cutting speed (m/min).

P1.1	P2.2	P2.3	P3.2	P3.3	P4.1	P4.2	M1.1	M1.2	M2.1	M2.2	M3.1	M3.2	M3.3
2 1	1 5	1 3	■9	 8 	1 7	 5	∠ 8	6	7	 5	 5	4	■ 3
M4.1													
Z 3													

Product	TDZ	TPI	TD	OAL	THL	DCON MS	WSC	LSC	NOF	PHD	LU
			[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]		[mm]	[mm]
EX318-36	8	36	4.166	63.0	7	4.50	3.40	8	3	3.50	21.00
EX3110-32	10	32	4.826	70.0	8	6.00	4.90	8	3	4.10	25.00
EX311/4	1/4	28	6.350	80.0	10	7.00	5.50	8	3	5.50	30.00
EX315/16	5/16	24	7.938	90.0	12	8.00	6.20	9	3	6.90	35.00
EX313/8	3/8	24	9.525	100.0	15	10.00	8.00	11	3	8.50	39.00
EX317/16	7/16	20	11.112	100.0	15	8.00	6.20	9	3	9.90	_
EX311/2	1/2	20	12.700	110.0	18	9.00	7.00	10	3	11.50	_
EX315/8	5/8	18	15.875	110.0	20	12.00	9.00	12	4	14.50	_
EX313/4	3/4	16	19.050	125.0	25	14.00	11.00	14	4	17.50	_
EX317/8	7/8	14	22.225	140.0	25	18.00	14.50	17	4	20.40	_
EX311	1"	12	25.400	160.0	30	18.00	14.50	17	4	23.25	_

WMG (WORK MATERIAL GROUP)

ISO group		WMG	i (Work Material Group)		Hardness (HB or HRC)	Ultimate Tensile Streng (MPa)
		P1.1		Sulfurized	< 240 HB	≤ 830
P	P1	P1.2	Free machining steel	Sulfurized and phosphorized	< 180 HB	≤ 620
		P1.3	(carbon steels with increased machinability)	Sulfurized/phosphorized and leaded	< 180 HB	≤ 620
		P2.1		Containing < 0.25 % C	< 180 HB	≤ 620
			Plain carbon steel			
_		P2.2	(steels comprised of mainly iron and carbon)	Containing < 0.55 % C	< 240 HB	≤ 830
P		P2.3		Containing >0.55 % C Annealed	< 300 HB	≤ 1030
P3		P3.1	Alla	< 180 HB	≤ 620	
	P3	P3.2	Alloy steel	Hardan Landson and	180 - 260 HB	> 620 ≤ 900
		P3.3	(carbon steels with an alloying content ≤ 10%)	Hardened and tempered	260 - 360 HB	> 900 ≤ 1240
		P4.1		Annealed	< 26 HRC	≤ 900
D	P4	P4.2	Tool steel	ranicaca	26 – 39 HRC	> 900 ≤ 1240
ľ	74		(special alloy steel for tools, dies and molds)	Hardened and tempered		
		P4.3			39 – 45 HRC	> 1240 ≤ 145
M	W1	M1.1	Ferritic stainless steel		< 160 HB	≤ 520
		M1.2	(straight chromium non-hardenable alloys)		160 – 220 HB	> 520 ≤ 700
		M2.1	L	< 200 HB	≤ 670	
М	M2	M2.2	Martensitic stainless steel	Quenched and tempered	200 - 280 HB	> 670 ≤ 950
		M2.3	(straight chromium hardenable alloys)	Precipitation-hardened	280 – 380 HB	> 950 ≤ 1300
				rrecipitation naraenea		
A M		M3.1	Austenitic stainless steel		< 200 HB	≤ 750
M M	M3	M3.2	(chromium-nickel and chromium-nickel-manganese alloys)	200 – 260 HB	> 750 ≤ 870	
		M3.3	(amonium meter and emonium meter manganese anoys)	260 - 300 HB	> 870 ≤ 104	
		M4.1	Austenitic-ferritic (DUPLEX) or super-austenitic stainless steel		< 300 HB	≤ 990
M	M4	M4.2	Precipitation hardening austenitic stainless steel		300 – 380 HB	≤ 1320
			•			
		K1.1	Gray iron or Automotive Gray iron (GG)	Ferritic or ferritic-pearlitic	< 180 HB	≤ 190
K	K1	K1.2	(iron-carbon castings with a lamellar graphite microstructure)	Ferritic-pearlictic or pearlitic	180 – 240 HB	> 190 ≤ 310
		K1.3	thou carbon castings with a famenal graphite initiostructure)	Pearlitic		
		K2.1		Ferritic	240 – 280 HB < 160 HB	> 310 ≤ 390 ≤ 400
K2	V2	K2.1	Malleable iron (GTS/GTW)	Ferritic or pearlitic	160 – 200 HB	
	NΖ		(iron-carbon castings with a graphite-free microstructure)	·		> 400 ≤ 550
		K2.3		Pearlitic	200 – 240 HB	> 550 ≤ 660
		K3.1	Puetila iron (CCC)	Ferritic	< 180 HB	≤ 560
K	K3	K3.2	Ductile iron (GGG) (iron-carbon castings with a nodular graphite microstructure)	Ferritic or pearlitic	180 - 220 HB	> 560 ≤ 680
		K3.3	(non-carbon castings with a nodular graphite inicrostructure)	220 - 260 HB	> 680 ≤ 800	
,			Austenitic gray iron (ASTM A436)	Pearlitic		
		K4.1	(iron-carbon alloy castings with an austenitic lamellar graphite microstructure)		< 180 HB	≤ 190
K4	K4	K4.2	Austenitic ductile iron (ASTM A439 or ASTM A571) (iron-carbon alloy castings with an austenitic nodular graphite microstructure)		< 240 HB	≤ 740
		K4.3		< 280 HB	> 840 ≤ 980	
		K4.4	Austempered ductile iron (ASTM A897)	280 - 320 HB	> 980 ≤ 1130	
		K4.5	(iron-carbon alloy castings with an ausferrite microstructure)		320 – 360 HB	> 1130 ≤ 128
				Favritic		
	.,_	K5.1	Compacted graphite iron CGI (ASTM A842)	Ferritic	< 180 HB	≤ 400
	K5	K5.2	(iron-carbon castings with a vermicular graphite structure)	Ferritic-pearlitic	180 – 220 HB	> 400 ≤ 450
		K5.3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Pearlitic	220 – 260 HB	> 450 ≤ 500
		N1.1	Commercially pure wrought aluminium		< 60 HB	≤ 240
N	N1	N1.2		Half hard tempered	60 - 100 HB	> 240 ≤ 400
		N1.3	Wrought aluminium alloys	Full hard tempered	100 – 150 HB	> 400 ≤ 590
		N2.1		pereu	< 75 HB	≤ 240
	N2		Cost aluminium allum			
N	N2	N2.2	Cast aluminium alloys		75 – 90 HB	> 240 ≤ 270
		N2.3			90 – 140 HB	> 270 ≤ 440
		N3.1	Free-cutting copper-alloys materials with excellent machining properties		-	-
N	N3	N3.2	Short-chip copper-alloys with good to moderate machining properties		_	_
		N3.3	Electrolytic copper and long-chip copper-alloys with moderate to poor machining properti	_	_	
			Thermoplastic polymers		_	_
N	N4	N4.2	Thermosetting polymers		_	_
		N4.3	Reinforced polymers or composites		_	_
Al	N5		Graphite		_	_
IN	13		unupinte			
		S1.1	The state of the s		< 200 HB	≤ 660
S	S1	S1.2	Titanium or titanium alloys		200 – 280 HB	> 660 ≤ 950
		S1.3			280 – 360 HB	> 950 ≤ 120
S S2 S3	(2	S2.1	Fo based high temperature allow-	< 200 HB	≤ 690	
	32	S2.2	Fe-based high-temperature alloys		200 - 280 HB	> 690 ≤ 970
		S3.1		< 280 HB	≤ 940	
	53	\$3.2	Ni-based high-temperature alloys	280 – 360 HB	> 940 ≤ 120	
S	S4	S4.1	Co-based high-temperature alloys		< 240 HB	≤ 800
		\$4.2	· ' '		240 – 320 HB	> 800 ≤ 107
Н	H1	H1.1	Chilled cast iron		< 440 HB	-
,,	шэ	H2.1	Hardanad cast ivan		< 55 HRC	-
Н	H2	H2.2	Hardened cast iron		> 55 HRC	_
		H3.1			< 51 HRC	_
Н	H3		Hardened steel <55 HRC			
		H3.2			51 – 55 HRC	_
		H4.1	Hardened steel >55 HRC		55 – 59 HRC	-
Н	4					